1 2 3 4 5 6 7	JAMES C. HARRISON, State Bar No. 161958 THOMAS A. WILLIS, State Bar No. 160989 KAREN GETMAN, State Bar No. 136285 REMCHO, JOHANSEN & PURCELL, LLP 201 Dolores Avenue San Leandro, CA 94577 Phone: (510) 346-6200 FAX: (510) 346-6201 Attorneys for Plaintiffs Carole Migden, Friends of Carole Migden Committee, and Re-Elect Senator Carole Migden Committee		
8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
9	EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
10	CAROLE MIGDEN, et al.,) No.: 2:08-CV-00486-EFB	
11	Plaintiffs,	DECLARATION OF RICHARD ROSS IN SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFFS' MOTION	
12	vs.	FOR PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION	
13	CALIFORNIA FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION, et al.,	Hearing:	
14	Defendants.	Date: April 16, 2008 Time: 10:00 a.m.	
15		Crtrm.: 25	
16		(The Honorable Edmund F. Brennan)	
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~~	DECLARATION OF RICHARD ROSS IN SUPPORT OF		

PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION

- NO. 2:08-CV-00486-EFB

DECLARATION OF RICHARD ROSS

- I, Richard Ross, declare under penalty of perjury as follows:
- 1. I am the President and founder of Ross Communications, a Sacramento-based political strategy, campaign management and public relations firm. I have worked for three decades in California politics, including extensive work with communities and issues in parts of the State involved in this litigation. I have a Masters Degree in Public Administration from San Jose State University.
- 2. My knowledge of the area covered by the 3rd Senate District comes from years of working and running campaigns in the cities, counties and legislative districts in this area. I have represented local officials and state legislators in the area. I have also worked with the United Farm Workers since the 1970s, first as a community organizer and then as a consultant. I have run issues campaigns, conducted polls, gathered and analyzed demographic data, and met with many individuals and groups. I currently have several clients in the area and continue to keep abreast of issues, trends, communities and demographics. A true and correct copy of a list of clients for whom I have worked in the San Francisco Bay Area is attached to this declaration as Exhibit A.
- 3. Senator Carole Migden is one of my clients. I have worked with Senator Migden since 2001, and I have run two of her election campaigns, including her campaigns for Board of Equalization in 2002 and for State Senate in 2004. I am very familiar with her campaign style and needs. Currently, I am assisting Senator Migden in her effort to win re-election in the 3rd Senate District. Based on my work in the district in the past, and with Senator Migden in particular, I am very familiar with the district's demographics, its voters, and what it will cost Senator Migden to effectively campaign in the district.
- 4. The 3rd Senate District has among the highest concentration of registered voters in the state, with 455,186 voters, and the highest percentage of absentee voters (49%). Among the district's voters, approximately 357,739 are eligible to vote in the June Democratic Primary. The district is also among the most heterogeneous in California with large numbers of ethnic voters, many of whom must be communicated with in different languages, adding additional and unavoidable expense. For example, there are 55,006 voters who are eligible to participate in the Democratic

Primary in the district who are foreign born; 25,348 with Spanish surnames; and 29,293 with Asian surnames. In addition, the district covers three different counties (San Francisco, Marin and Sonoma), each with its distinct issues and concerns. To compete in the district therefore, it is critical for a candidate not only to reach a diverse group of voters, but also to address the different issues and concerns of voters in each county that is represented within the district.

- Because of the location, geography, and diversity of the district, it is one of the most expensive districts within which to compete in the State. The district is part of the sixth largest and most expensive media market in the United States, making communication on broadcast television almost impossible to afford and therefore increasing the need to use cable television, mail and radio. Although these means of communication are not as expensive as broadcast television, the costs are still substantial. For example, sending a single piece of mail would cost approximately \$109,000 and purchasing a week of radio would cost approximately \$161,500, while cable television ads would cost approximately \$80,215 per week, excluding production costs which add an additional \$15,000 to \$25,000 in costs. To make these forms of communications effective, it is necessary to repeat a candidate's message through multiple mailings and multiple weeks of advertising. For example, because voters often throw campaign mail away before reading it, it is necessary to send approximately five pieces of mail to ensure that you have reached the voters. For radio and television, I recommend a minimum three weeks of ads to maximize the effectiveness of the ads and to ensure that we reach absentee voters before they vote.
- 6. In addition to the costs of a campaign, timing is also critical. As discussed above, the district has a high percentage of absentee voters. Because absentee ballots are mailed out 30 days before the election, it is critical to reach these voters early. In order to send mail to absentee voters, the mail must be produced in April and mailed by the beginning of May. Moreover, because of the June primary election, printers and mail houses must be booked in advance. To ensure that the mailers I produce on Senator Migden's behalf can be printed and mailed on time, it is essential that the campaign contract with these providers by the end of March. In addition, it is essential that any radio or television advertising begin at least three weeks before the election to ensure that the absentee voters view the ads and get the messaging before they mail in their ballots. If the campaign media advertising

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starts any later, we will miss thousands of voters who will have mailed in their ballots before they had a chance to view the campaign message.

- 7. I am in the process of preparing Senator Migden's campaign plan. Given the diversity, complexity and cost of campaigning in the district, it is critical that I know now how much campaign money Senator Migden will have available to spend in April, May and early June. If she can use her pre-Proposition 34 funds in this election, I will be able to plan for a campaign with a budget of approximately \$900,000. Currently, Senator Migdon has approximately \$150,000 on hand to spend in the primary election. The additional \$647,000 in Senator Migden's 2004 committee would dramatically increase her ability to communicate with the voters in her district, which is a critical element of success. Senator Migden's ability to use the full amount of her campaign funds, including the contested \$647,000, will have a direct impact on questions such as whether the campaign buys cable television and radio time and the number of mailers the committee can send.
- 8. For example, with a budget of \$900,000, I likely would recommend one of the two following plans. One option would be to send five pieces of mail, and I would plan to send that mail to the voters in two waves – the first mailers would go to the absentee voters beginning May 5, when the absentee ballot are being sent out; the second wave of mailers would be sent to polling place voters beginning May 12. In addition to the five pieces of mail, I would recommend a cable television campaign over two and half weeks, beginning May 13 and ending the weekend before the election on May 30. The second option I would consider would be to send six mailers and purchase three weeks of radio ads. Again, the mail would be sent in two waves to absentee voters and polling place voters. The radio ads would begin airing on May 13.
- 9. Decisions about the allocation of campaign funds must be made soon in order to ensure that campaign communications can be produced and disseminated in a timely fashion. Although the mail will be sent in two waves to absentee voters and then polling place voters, all voters will receive the same mailers. The mailers must be printed at the same time, even though they are mailed in two parts. Because we plan to send mail to absentee voters, we need to begin printing in early April. In either option 1 or option 2, described above, I would contract with the stations beginning in March to ensure that I had sufficient cable and radio time reserved in the critical weeks

 mail to areas. I also would have the funding to conduct polling if necessary to help fashion our campaign communications to those issues that are of particular interest to the voters in the district.

10. If Senator Migden is not able to use her pre-Proposition 34 funds in this election, it will have a dramatic and irreversible impact on her ability to communicate with voters. The

before the June primary. With a budget of \$900,000, I would have sufficient funds to ensure that I

could change my strategy if necessary in the final few weeks, for instance by sending more targeted

- level of mailings would drop down to one or two mailers, which in my view would be insufficient to ensure that Senator Migden effectively communicates with all the voters in her district. With this level of funding, I would not purchase any radio or cable television time because the costs would be prohibitive, and therefore would be unable to reach many voters during the critical three-week period preceding the election.
- \$647,000 in contested funds, then I will have no choice but to plan a campaign with a much smaller budget. In that case I will scale back in particular paid media, including mail. This will present the campaign with a difficult choice: send mail early to reach absentee voters or wait until closer to the date of the election to reach voters who go to the polls. In either case, it will not be sufficient to deliver Senator Migden's message to the voters. This would directly and negatively affect Senator Migden's ability to communicate with all the voters in her large district. Even if I were to find out in May that Senator Migden can use the funds, it likely would be impossible to gear up quickly enough to produce and send campaign mail, and to buy sufficient time on radio and cable. Moreover, by then many absentee voters would have received and returned their ballots, and Senator Migden would have lost forever the ability to persuade them.

RICHARD ROSS

(00053785)

DECLARATION OF RICHARD ROSS IN SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFFS! MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION:

- NO. 2:08-CV-00486-EV9

1 PROOF OF SERVICE 2 I, the undersigned, declare under penalty of perjury that: 3 I am a citizen of the United States, over the age of 18, and not a party to the within 4 cause or action. My business address is 201 Dolores Avenue, San Leandro, CA 94577. 5 On March 7, 2008, I served a true copy of the following document(s): Declaration of Richard Ross in Support of 6 Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Injunction 7 on the following party(ies) in said action: 8 Scott Hallabrin, General Counsel Attorneys for Defendants 9 Lawrence T. Woodlock, Senior Commission Counsel 10 Fair Political Practices Commission 428 "J" Street, Suite 620 11 Sacramento, CA 95814-2329 Phone: (916) 322-5660 12 Fax: (916) 327-2026 Email: shallabrin@fppc.ca.gov 13 Email: lwoodlock@fppc.ca.gov 14 BY UNITED STATES MAIL: By enclosing the document(s) in a sealed envelope or package addressed to the person(s) at the address above and 15 depositing the sealed envelope with the United States Postal Service, with 16 the postage fully prepaid. 17 Placing the envelope for collection and mailing, following our ordinary business practices. I am readily familiar with the businesses' practice for 18 collecting and processing correspondence for mailing. On the same day that correspondence is placed for collection and mailing, it is deposited in 19 the ordinary course of business with the United States Postal Service, located in San Leandro, California, in a sealed envelope with postage fully 20 prepaid. 21 BY OVERNIGHT DELIVERY: By enclosing the document(s) in an envelope \boxtimes 22 or package provided by an overnight delivery carrier and addressed to the persons at the addresses listed. I placed the envelope or package for collection and 23 overnight delivery at an office or a regularly utilized drop box of the overnight delivery carrier. 24 BY MESSENGER SERVICE: By placing the document(s) in an envelope or 25 package addressed to the persons at the addresses listed and providing them to a professional messenger service for service. 26

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1		BY FACSIMILE TRANSMISSION: By faxing the document(s) to the persons at the fax numbers listed based on an agreement of the parties to accept service by
2		at the fax numbers listed based on an agreement of the parties to accept service by fax transmission. No error was reported by the fax machine used. A copy of the fax transmission is maintained in our files.
3		DIVERMAND TO ANYON MEGGLONIC TO THE MET AND ANYON MEGGLONIC TO THE MET ANY MET AND ANYON MEGGLONIC TO THE MET ANY ME
4		BY EMAIL TRANSMISSION: By emailing the document(s) to the persons at the email addresses listed based on a court order or an agreement of the parties to accept service by email. No electronic message or other indication that the
5 6		transmission was unsuccessful was received within a reasonable time after the transmission.
7		I declare, under penalty of perjury, that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed on
8	March 7, 2008, in San Leandro, California.	
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11		Kristen Snider
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